

# NEW-YORK

OR,  
GENERAL

Containing the freshest ADVICES,



THE

# JOURNAL;

THE  
ADVERTISER.

both FOREIGN and DOMESTICK.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JOHN HOLT, NEAR THE EXCHANGE.—[Oct. 16, 1766. For Six Years last past, Publisher of the *New-York Thursday's Gazette*, or *Weekly Post-Boy*.]

ASSIZE of BREAD, published July 3, 1767.  
Flour at 21/6 per Ct.

A White Loaf of the finest Flour, to weigh 1 lb. 8 oz. for 4 Coppers.—Ditto, of Dit. to weigh 11 1/2 oz. for 2 Coppers.

And further Ordered, that no Bread be made for Sale within this City, than according to the above Assize (hard Bakers only excepted: and that all Bakers within the same, take Notice thereof, and make their Bread accordingly.

HIGH-WATER at NEW-YORK, and SUN'S RISING and SETTING, till Thursday next.

D's Age.	High- Water.	rises H M.	sets H M.
THURSDAY 19	10 7	after 5	before 7
FRIDAY 20	10 55	5	3
SATURDAY 21	11 43	5	4
SUNDAY 22	12 31	5	5
MONDAY 23	1 19	5	6
TUESDAY 24	2 7	5	7
WEDNESDAY 25	3 55	5	8

Days 13 h. 42 m. long, the 13th.

PRICE-CURRENT, in NEW-YORK.	
Wheat per Bushel	6s. 6d.
Flour	20s. od.
Brown Bread	19s. od.
West-India Rum	3s. 4d.
New-England ditto	2s. 7d.
Muscovado Sugar	50s.
Single refin'd ditto	1s. 2d.
Molasses	1s. 9d.
Beef per Barrel	48s. od.
Pork	80s. od.
Salt	3s. od.
Bohea Tea	5s. 6d.
Chocol. per doz.	£. 1 15. od.
Bees Wax	1s. 6d.
Nut Wood	30s. od.
Oak ditto	20s. od.

The Printer is desired to publish the following Advertisement in his Weekly Paper, and to continue it for 3 Months, in the same Manner he did the last from this Office, dated the 12th of December, 1766.

**Receiver-General's Office, in Wall Street,**  
WHEREAS the following grants or patents for land within this colony, are in arrears three years and more, and in the respective sums herein after mentioned, for quit-rents due to his Majesty for the same respectively; to the last day of payment for the same grants respectively, preceding this notice, so far as the same does appear, from the accounts of his Majesty's quit-rents, in the custody of his Majesty's Receiver General, that is to say:

One certain tract of land in Albany county, the grant or patent whereof was originally made to Peter Schuyler, Dirck Wellis, John Abeel, John Janse Bleeker, Ebenezer Wilton, Peter Fauconier, Daniel Cox, Thomas Wenham, and Henry Smith, and bears date the sixth day of March, in the year 1705; and the sum due thereby, so far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th day of September last, being the Feast of the Nativity of the Virgin Mary, being the last day of payment preceding this public notice, being £. 415-0-5.

One other certain tract of land in Albany county, the grant or patent whereof, was originally made to Nanning Harmanse, Johannes Beckman, Rip Van Dam, Ann Bridges, Mary Bickley, Peter Fauconier, Adrian Hooglandt, Johannes Fisher, John Tudor, Joris Hooglandt, John Stevens, John Tatham, and Samson Broughton; and bears date the second day of November, in the year 1708; and the sum due thereby, so far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th day of March last, or the Feast of the Annunciation, called Lady Day, being the last day of payment preceding this public notice, being £. 165-6-1.

One other certain tract of land in Ulster county, the grant or patent whereof was originally made to Lewis Morris, Augustine Graham, Simon Clarke, Henry Wileman, William Bond, Henry Rainer, and Alexander Grigs; and bears date the 10th day of February, in the year 1722; and the sum due thereby, so far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th day of March last, or the Feast of the Annunciation, called Lady Day, being the last day of payment preceding this public notice, being £. 108-7-4.

One other certain tract of land in Albany county, the grant or patent whereof was originally made to Lewis Morris, Cadwallader Colden, James Alexander, Abraham Van Horne, John Collins, and Margaret Veder; and bears date the 23d day of October, in the year 1722; and the sum due thereby, so far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th day of March last, or the Feast of the Annunciation, called Lady Day, being the last day of payment preceding this public notice, being £. 204-3-11.

One other certain tract of land in Albany, or Ulster county, or partly in both, the grant or patent whereof was originally made to Henry Beckman, and Gilbert Livingston; and bears date the 11th day of June, in the year 1719; and the sum due thereby, so far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th day of March last, or the Feast of the Annunciation, called Lady Day, being the last day of payment preceding this public notice, being £. 141-11-6.

One other certain tract of land in Albany county, the grant or patent whereof was originally made to Lewis Morris, Cadwallader Colden, James Alexander, Abraham Van Horne, John Collins, and Margaret Veder; and bears date the 20th day of June, in the year 1723; and the sum due thereby, so far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th day of March last, or the Feast of the Annunciation, called Lady Day, being the last day of payment preceding this public notice, being £. 192-2-2.

One other certain tract of land in Albany county, the grant or patent whereof was originally made to James Alexander, Andrew Coeymans, Robert Walter, Rip Van Dam, Samuel Staats, Peter Hansen, Richard Hansen, Abraham Gouverneur, John Dunbar, Johannes Mynders, and Lawrence Clafe; and bears date the 6th day of May, in the year 1725; and the sum due thereby, so far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th day of March last, or the Feast of the Annunciation, called Lady Day, being the last day of payment preceding this public notice, being £. 187-9-6.

One other certain tract of land in Albany county, the grant or patent whereof was originally made to Abraham Van Horne, William Provost, Philip Livingston, and Mary Burnett; and bears date the 13th day of November, in the year 1731; and the sum due thereby, so far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th day of March last, or the Feast of the Annunciation, called Lady Day, being the last day of payment preceding this public notice, being £. 229-16-8.

One other certain tract of land in Albany county, the grant or patent whereof was originally made to Joseph Worrell, William Colby, John Lyne, Thomas Freeman, Paul Richard, John Felton, Charles Williams, Richard Shuckburgh, Timothy Bagley, James Lyne, and Frederick Morris; and bears date the 2d day of January, in the year 1734; and the sum due thereby, so far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th day of March last, or the Feast of the Annunciation, called Lady Day, being the last day of payment preceding this public notice, being £. 193-16-5.

One other certain tract of land in Albany county, the grant or patent whereof was originally made to Charles Williams, John White, Thomas Cooper, Thomas Cockerill, Peter Bard, William Colby, and Benoist Bard; and bears date the 29th day of August, in the year 1735; and the sum due thereby, so far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th day of March last, or the Feast of the Annunciation, called Lady Day, being the last day of payment preceding this public notice, being £. 430-0-6.

One other certain tract of land in Albany county, the grant or patent whereof was originally made to John Lyne, Thomas Freeman, Paul Richard, William Colby, John Felton, Joseph Worrell, Charles Williams, Richard Shuckburgh, Timothy Bagley, and Thomas Cockerill; and bears date the 2d day of January, 1734; and the sum due thereby, so far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th day of March last, or the Feast of the Annunciation, called Lady Day, being the last day of payment preceding this public notice, being £. 83-0-14-9.

One other certain tract of land in Albany county, the grant or patent whereof was originally made to David A. Schuyler, Frederick Morris, Charles Williams, Thomas Clarke, Edward Collins, and Sarah Williams; and bears date the 19th day of May, 1737; and the sum due thereby, so far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th day of March last, or the Feast of the Annunciation, called Lady Day, being the last day of payment preceding this public notice, being £. 391-42-9.

One other certain tract of land in Albany county, the grant or patent whereof was originally made to James De Lancey, Paf-hal N. Smith, John Lindsey, Jacob Glen, and William Bowen; and bears date the 12th day of November, 1737; and the sum due thereby, so far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th day of March last, or the Feast of the Annunciation, called Lady Day, being the last day of payment preceding this public notice, being £. 293-3-6.

One other certain tract of land in Albany county, the grant or patent whereof was originally made to William Corry, Samuel Heath, William English, John Dyer, Frances Sylvester, Catharine Corry, William Colby, and others; and bears date the 19th day of November, 1737; and the sum due thereby, so far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th day of March last, or the Feast of the Annunciation, called Lady Day, being the last day of payment preceding this public notice, being £. 485-7-3.

One other certain tract of land in Albany county, the grant or patent whereof was originally made to Walter Butler, John Miln Clerk, and Thomas Scurlock; and bears date the 16th day of April, in the year 1739; and the sum due thereby, so far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th day of March last, or the Feast of the Annunciation, called Lady Day, being the last day of payment preceding this public notice, being £. 134-12-11.

One other certain tract of land in Albany county, the grant or patent whereof was originally made to Jacob Mafe, John Rutgers Bleeker, and Jacob Rutgers Bleeker; and bears date the 20th day of October, 1741; and the sum due thereby, so far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th day of March last, or the Feast of the Annunciation, called Lady Day, being the last day of payment preceding this public notice, being £. 145-15-10.

One other certain tract of land in Albany county, the grant or patent whereof was originally made to Adoniah Schuyler, John Groesbeck, Peter Waggener, David Schuyler, John Empe, Stephen Rensselaer, Gerardus Groesbeck, Rensselaer Schuyler, and Johannes Lawyer; and bears date the 4th day of November, 1741; and the sum due thereby, so far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th day of March last, or the Feast of the Annunciation, called Lady Day, being the last day of payment preceding this public notice, being £. 495-18-5.

One other certain tract of land in Albany county, the grant or patent whereof was originally made to Edward Collins, James De Lancey, Gerard Stuyvesant, Stephen Rensselaer, Charles Williams, and Frederick Morris; and bears date the 14th day of June, in the year 1739; and the sum due thereby, so far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th day of March last,

or the Feast of the Annunciation, called Lady Day, being the last day of payment preceding this public notice, being £. 322-7-7 1/2.

One other certain tract of land in Albany county, the grant or patent whereof was originally made to Liendert Gansewaart, Cornelius Ten Broeck, Jacob Wendell, Johannes Harmanse Wendell, Peter Winne, Abraham Dow, and others; and bears date the 2d day of December, in the year 1741; and the sum due thereby, so far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th March last, or the Feast of the Annunciation, called Lady Day, being the last day of payment preceding this public notice, being £. 795-17-9.

One other certain tract of land in Albany county, the grant or patent whereof was originally made to John Schuyler, Philip Schuyler, Stephen Bayard, jun. James Stevenson, and John Livingston; and bears date the 18th day of July, 1740; and the sum due thereby, so far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th day of March last, or the Feast of the Annunciation, called Lady Day, being the last day of payment preceding this public notice, being £. 267-1-7.

This is therefore to give public notice, that if the owners or proprietors of the above-mentioned lands respectively, do not, within twelve Months after the date of this public notice, respectively pay the arrears of Quit-Rent due to his Majesty for the said lands, respectively as aforesaid, with the charge of this notice or notices being given to the said Receiver-General, that so much of the said lands respectively, will be sold at public vendue, or out-cry, as will pay the same respectively, with the charges of this notice; and such sale, pursuant to the act of the Lieutenant Governor, the Council, and General Assembly, in such cases made and provided.

GIVEN under my Hand, this First Day of June, in the Year of our Lord 1767.

ANDREW ELLIOT, his Majesty's R. General.

**An Ordinance and Declaration of the King of Denmark, with respect to the Liberties granted the Free Ports of St. Thomas and St. John, in the West-Indies; given and granted at the Castle of Christiansburgh, the 22d April, 1767.**

We Christian the Seventh, by the Grace of God King of Denmark, Norway, &c. &c. &c. fend Greeting.

**ALTHOUGH** our American Islands of St. Thomas and St. John, have already by our Royal Father, deceased, on the 9th of April 1764, been declared to be free Ports or Havens, We have nevertheless thought proper not only to confirm and establish the said gracious Ordinances and Declarations, but further, from a Conviction that an extension of Commerce will be beneficial to the said Islands and the Inhabitants thereof, Do therefore graciously permit, and give free Liberty to all Foreigners and Nations in Europe and America, without exception, as well as our own Subjects, freely and uninterruptedly to Trade and Traffick, in the aforesaid free Ports, so that they may go thither with Ships and other Vessels, with Merchandizes, Provisions and Materials of every Kind and Nature, to sell and barter the same there, and in return lade in their Vessels and carry thence, all Sorts of Effects and Wares, and proceed therewith either to Europe or elsewhere, as they may think proper, under the Condition and Restrictions following, according to which all and every Person and Persons are to conduct themselves, that is to say,  
**FIRST CONDITION.**

Relating to the Ships and Vessels of foreign Nations, with the Goods brought in, and carried out by them.  
1st Article. On all Merchandizes without exception, imported in foreign Vessels from any Port, except America, and sold there, shall be paid into our Coffers, at our Custom-House, a Duty of 6 per Cent. on the true and just Value of the Goods at the Time, and for which they were sold, according to the Valuation made by our Custom-House Officers; first deducting from the Sum Total of the Sales, the said Duty.—After which, such imported Goods, for which Duty has been paid, may be re-shipped from the said Islands Duty free.

2d Article. But if the Merchants or Shippers, of such imported Goods, cannot sell or Barter the same there, they shall in such Case be permitted to carry them thence without paying any Duty, provided they have on their arrival been duly reported at the Custom-House; and provided also, that such Goods are carried thence the same Voyage, and with the same Vessel in which they were imported; otherwise, if they are not re-shipped the same Voyage, and in another Vessel, they shall be bound



to pay the aforefaid Duty of 6 per Cent. on their Value.

3d Article. All American Goods and Products, of what Name they may be, imported into the faid free Ports, from the foreign American Colonies, shall pay into our Coffers, 2½ per Ct. and the European Goods, 6 per Cent. on the Value of the Goods, in the Manner abovementioned.

4th Article. All American Products exported from the faid free Ports, in foreign Vessels, whether they be the Product of the faid Islands of St. Thomas and St. John, or whether they have been imported there from elsewhere; and for which a Duty of 2½ per Cent. has already been paid, shall without distinction, on their Exportation, pay into our Coffers a Duty of 5 per Cent.

5th Article. All Provisions, Materials for Building, Necessaries for Plantations, Flour, Rice, Beans, Indian Corn, Live-Creatures and Horses; Staves, Hoops, Shingles, Planks, Spars and Beams, imported into the faid free Ports, from the South, or North-American Colonies; shall on their importation, pay a Duty of 2½ per Cent. and may be re-shipped without any other Expence, provided they have been duly reported at the Custom-House.

6th Article. It is also permitted, that all Rum, and Molasses, made at St. Croix, imported thence into the faid free Ports, and duly reported at the Custom-House there, shall not only be imported Duty free; but may as well as the Rum and Molasses, made in the faid free Ports, upon a due Report at the Custom-House, be exported Duty free.

7th Article. For all Slaves, brought into the faid free Ports, by foreign Vessels, shall be paid into our Coffers, a Duty as follows: For a Full-grown Slave, four Pounds; for a Half-grown ditto, two Pounds; and for a Child, one Pound.—Which Duty having been once paid, such Slave may then be exported Duty free.

8th Article. All Goods, brought into the faid free Ports, with such Guinea Vessels, that is to say, Elephants Teeth, Dye-Wood, &c. shall pay a Duty inward of 5 per Cent. of their Value; which being paid, they may be exported free from other Duty.

#### SECOND CONDITION.

Relating to Vessels owned by our own Subjects, with the Goods imported and exported in them.

1st Article. All Vessels owned by our own Subjects, and trading to the faid free Ports, shall (if they expect Advantage from the following Privileges) not only be navigated with Officers and Seamen of our own Subjects, according to the Regulations in that Case made, but shall moreover on every Voyage be furnished with our Sea-Pass, which shall not serve longer than for one Voyage from Europe to America, and back again; and shall with an Indorsement of the Officers of our Customs, in faid free Ports, be returned to our West-India, and Guinea Chamber of Customs.

2nd Article. All Goods, brought in the faid free Ports, in Vessels owned by our Subjects, and furnished with our Pass, from foreign Countries, of any Nation soever, shall on importation pay 2½ per Ct. of their Value.—But in Case such Goods cannot be sold, in the faid free Ports, they may be exported thence Duty free, provided they are exported in the same Vessel, and in the same Voyage in which they were imported; but if they are exported in another Bottom, the 2½ per Cent. Duty must be paid.

3d Article. On the Contrary, all Goods brought into the faid free Ports, in Vessels owned by our Subjects, and furnished with our Pass, being the Products of any of our Dominions, shall upon proper Certificates for that Purpose, obtained at the Place from whence they came, and produced to the proper Officers in the faid free Ports, importing that they are the Products of some of our Dominions, be admitted free of Duty,—and further all Goods of foreign Countries, permitted under certain Restrictions to be imported into our Metropolis of Copenhagen, and shipped Home, may be imported into the faid free Ports, Duty free, provided the faid Goods have been duly entered and cleared at Copenhagen, and the Duty there secured.—But all Goods not duly cleared with proper Certificates, to intitle them to a free importation, shall pay a Duty of 2½ per Cent. as the Goods do, imported from foreign Countries.

4th Article. On all Goods and Wares, exported from the faid free Ports, in Vessels owned by our Subjects, being the Produce of those Islands, shall be paid a Duty of 5 per Cent. on their Value, and on the Produce of other American Countries, for which a Duty of 2½ per Ct. import, has already been paid, shall on their export be paid a further Duty of 2½ per Cent.—But all Rum and Molasses, brought to the faid free Ports from St. Croix, as well as what is made there, shall be intirely free from Duty and other Expences.

5th Article. All Slaves, brought from the Coast of Guinea, in Vessels belonging to our Subjects, and furnished with our Pass, to the faid free Ports, shall agreeable to the Ordinance of the 9th of April 1764, be imported free from Duty, provided that they remain there for the Use and Cultivation of the before-mentioned Islands: But if they are reship'd from thence to foreign Places, then the same Duty shall be paid for them, as is stipulated under the first ge-

neral Condition, Article 7; and all other Goods bro't by our Ships into the faid free Ports from Guinea, shall be imported free from Duty, provided that the same be brought in the faid Bottom, to the City of our Residence.—But if the same should be sold, or used in the faid free Ports, then a Duty of 5 per Ct. shall be paid on their Value.

6th Article. All foreign Sugars, brought from the faid free Ports, into any of our Dominions and Countries, shall not be used there, but exported thence to other Places, Altena only excepted, on paying a Duty of one per Cent.

7th Article. If any Vessel, owned by our Subjects, comes into the faid free Ports, without having our Pass, agreeable to the first Article in the first Condition; such Vessel shall be obliged to pay the same Duty for all Goods brought in, and carried out in return, as foreign Vessels are obliged to do by the faid first Article.

#### THIRD CONDITION.

The Method of reporting at the Custom-House, Anchorage Money, Salary to Vendue-Master, and Weigh Money, shall remain as established by the Ordinance, of the 9th of April, 1764, except where the same are altered by these Presents.

#### FOURTH CONDITION.

With Respect to the Trade of St. Croix, That shall remain as established by the aforefaid Ordinance; and the faid free Ports shall have no other Liberty to Trade there, than is permitted to Foreigners, except in the Articles of Rum and Molasses, pursuant to the Privileges hereby granted.

#### FIFTH CONDITION.

The Duties on the Products of American Islands, shall also remain, and on their importation here, shall be paid over and above the same 2½ per Ct. on what remains in our Dominions, and one per Ct. on what is exported to foreign Countries; in like Manner, all Goods permitted to be imported from the faid free Ports, into our Dominions, and exported hence shall pay the same Duty; which Duty shall also be paid into our Coffers at Altena, on Goods imported from the free Ports and used there, and exported thence.

Having in this Manner, and agreeable to this our Ordinance, been graciously pleased to grant a free Commerce, in our free and permitted Ports of St. Thomas and St. John, in America; have thought proper for the Information of all whom it may concern, to make this public Declaration thereof, that they may govern themselves accordingly.

This done at our Castle of Christiansburgh, our Royal-Residence, in the City of Copenhagen, the 22d of April, 1767.

Given under our Royal Hand and Seal,

CHRISTIAN, R.

L. S.

The foregoing, was published at St. Thomas's the 16th of July, 1767.

L O N D O N, May 18.

WE hear that preparations are making at Wind-for Castle, for the reception of the Prince and Princess of Brunswick, who, it is said, will reside there occasionally this summer.

Letters from Venice, dated the 2d Instant, bring advice that the Republic had come to a resolution to send immediately his Excellency Commodore Emo, with four ships of the line, two frigates, and four tartans, manned with bold and brave Dalmatians, to the coast of Algiers, with positive orders to desire the Dey to declare his intentions; for after what has lately happened with the Algerines, in open violation of the treaties, the Republic does not chuse to endanger her own navigation and commerce. The Venetians will always strictly adhere to every article of the treaties concluded heretofore, with all the three powers on the coast of Barbary, and will also be ready to make use of their own sea forces against any one of them that shall dare any ways to infringe them.

May 21. It is thought that the Lieutenants of his Majesty's navy upon half-pay, will hereafter be allowed one shilling per day additional pay.

According to letters from Leghorn, the coasts of Sardinia are at present much infested by the Algerine corsairs, which had occasioned an order of the Court of Turin, for some armed vessels to be fitted out at Cagliari to cruise against these Barbarians.

Some letters from the above place say, that all the ports in the isle of Sardinia are ordered to be shut against the Jesuits.

An account is said to have been received this week of the pregnancy of her Danish Majesty.

May 23. The Senate of Venice have been informed by their Consul at Algier, that he has concluded a truce with the Dey for four months, in order, if possible, to conclude a formal peace before the expiration of that term: but the conditions which the Dey requires are so disadvantageous to the republic, that there is no likelihood of their being accepted. He demands 1st, That the like Presents be sent to him as were given to his predecessor when the peace was concluded, and which consisted of the sum of 50,000 zequins, a saddle laced with gold, and en-

riched with jewels, and a great quantity of very rich stuffs. 2dly, he demands that instead of 10,000 zequins, which the republic had engaged to pay annually, they pay for the future 12,000. 3dly, That they send him without delay, all the presents which he demanded of the republic at the time of his advancement to the dignity with which he is invested. and 4thly and lastly, he makes the following very extraordinary demand, viz. That his corsairs may have the liberty of cruising in the Gulf of Venice, to pursue there and attack the ships of those nations with whom he has no treaty; and that if any of those corsairs should happen to be taken, the republic shall be obliged to repair the loss in ready money.

The proposal of the East-India company for granting to the government 400,000l. per ann. for four years, it is thought by some, will be accepted: but the proprietors, it is imagined, will not be allowed to make the late intended increase to their dividend; and the duty upon tea exported to Ireland and America, it is also thought will be lowered, under a certain obligation to government, that the revenue will not be thereby injured.

Upwards of 300 artificers are discharged from the several dock yards in this kingdom.

M. Mello, the Portuguese Minister here, has received a circumstantial account of the plot, laid by the Jesuits, to assassinate his Most Catholic Majesty; which horrid proceeding, joined with their other bad behaviour of forging bulls, &c. was, beyond all doubt, the certain cause of the late total and eternal expulsion of those Fathers from Spain.

It is said, that his Most Christian Majesty has, by his Ambassador at Rome, demanded of his Holiness to issue a bull, or ordinance, abolishing for ever the Society of Jesus, and the very name of Jesuits.

Cambden, in his Britannia, informs us, that the Knights of St. John of Jerusalem, (who first set out with a profession of poverty) became at length so powerful, as to alarm the several Princes of Europe, who had interest enough with the Pope to get them dissolved, and seize upon their estates; and at their dissolution it was found, that they possessed in Christendom no less than nineteen thousand manors. Now though the Jesuits may not possess quite so many manors in Christendom, yet as they have great riches and power in Europe, and a most extensive country in America, the same cause may work the same effect, and the dread of their growing power may very probably have gone a great way towards their late extirpation.

The Hague Gazette brought by this day's mail, contains the following article, dated Paris, May 11.

"The day before yesterday the Parliament, all the Chambers assembled, made an arret, in consequence of the opinion of the King's Council, which declares the Society of Jesuits an enemy to Sovereigns, and to the public tranquility of States. In consequence whereof, that supreme Court orders those among them, who on the 6th of August 1761, were members of the said society, and who taking the benefit of the indulgence granted them by the edict of November 1764, have remained in the kingdom, to depart from hence, at the expiration of fifteen days, including that of the publication of the present arret, under pain of criminal prosecution, except those who have taken the oath prescribed by this tribunal. By the same arret all those who are thus to quit the states of the kingdom, are forbidden to return hither under any pretence whatever. Governors of provinces, Bailiffs, and other Judges, are ordered not to suffer any Jesuit within their districts. His Majesty's subjects of every rank and condition are forbidden to afford an asylum to the Jesuits, or keep up the least correspondence with them, or to receive from the Society letters of fraternity. Archbishops and Bishops, and all heads of communities, of schools, and other establishments, are enjoined not to employ any of that Society for the instruction of youth. Moreover his Majesty will be implored to use his good offices with the Pope and other Catholic Princes, to engage them to abolish a Society so dangerous to Christianity and sovereign power. Lastly, his Majesty will be equally implored to make the tenor of this arret a fundamental law of the state."

Letter from an English Soldier, in the Corsican Service, to his Cousin at Salisbury.

Island of Capra this 9th Day of March 1767.

Dir Bob,

"THIS is to let you know I am piur and well, thank God. You knows as how I never could be quiet, bot was allwis awishing for something to do. And I had mi bellifool of it in Germani, and win I was dismist the sarvis as laim, I cryd lyk a nu born child to Doctor Armstrong, and that wurthi sowl gavi me a guiny and a paiper all ful of diricshuns how to git mi ligg heeld. So you knows as how I cumd hom and recuvert, and as how I next embarkt to Martinico wer I heerd mooch tauk of them here Corsicans; so over I gos, and faith Bob I never was better. The General on em Poli is as good a man as the King himself, whom God blis, I shall never sarv another why! he his any thing to do.—He speaks to us in inglish for you must know thair ar fyt more on us inglish, two on em Scots, but they call us all inglish here. Wir not listit nor sworn befor a Jus-

tis, no; no, all Volunteers, a bold and free as so many Lyons. to signifi but enuff of good vitt mutton as any on the downs, as plenty as smal bir in old Ing the Paipers wiv had an expedi Capra. We landed faif and and ar now seeging the Sitedi fellows them Corsicans. Som understood, as we went brifely o Brother Inglish, well don Brot fyt powrfuli, but I with we ha and som mor of the train, for plai so smart as I could with. mond wer heer by Jove hid hell. We heer as how a flee But we will all dy on the spo No mor at present but rests yo

They write from Petersburg Majesty had just assigned a la North-Russia, to such Polande an asylum in her dominions, had lately arrived, and were to of taxes for ten years.

According to letters from southern provinces had acced government, for making the for quartering the military.

From the Haerlem

Paris, May 14. His Catho have intimated to the Pope hi the Jesuits, only by the follow

"Holy Father, All my Tri that the Fathers-Jesuits are of doms, I could do no less than ce sentations. Of this as a son o acquaint its supreme head. Holiness to the divine keeping

One of the morning papers that the government hath ag company to take 400,000l. pe

We are informed that the pery in this kingdom, which h of so many Administrations, is jest of an enquiry; a proof t not inattentive to our civil and

We hear that great eno given to the culture of wheat dom.

It is expected, that Naples a the example of Spain. What the order is, that the estates w viciat and Roman college at Apulia, and have been in litiga of Naples and the Order thes likely, it is thought, to the Ki

Cardinal Migazzi, Archbishi ing hither on ecclesiastical affa of that court will, it is said, fate of the Order.

The Pope has remonstrated Spanish Jesuits entering his t imagined they must come hom power will receive them. The Old-Spain, is reckoned to be a but the whole body, including West-Indies, more than doubles who were born subjects of Sp whom the King promises to p being natives of other countries Disputes run very high betwe some of the most respectable m The latter, so long ago as th advised an instant reform to b total relinquishing, as became politics and trade; lest that oth which seems now falling out.

The other Religious Orders ning appeared rather glad, fro Jesuits were humbled, now and fear lest Reform should b they too get curtailed or br case, mankind will have reco derstanding and spirit, after a p centuries.

ROSEAU, in Domi A complete legislative body i Vincent; and we hear, have a passed ten bills, which now on lency's assent. The council

bers, and the assembly of thirt town of Kingston, two for the three for St. Andrews, three three for St. David's. The on which the assembly was called, day of February, 1767; and it, ordains, That the assembly fo tinue longer than twelve kaler computed from the first day of i

PHILADELPHIA,

Tuesday last arrived here the Lowther, from Providence, wh brig Apollo, Capt. James Burk, of Honduras for Rhode-Island, June, cast away on the Florida



faith Bob I never w  
Poli is as good a ma  
God blis, I shall nev  
ning to do.—He spea  
know thair ar fyv m  
s, but they call us  
or sworn befor a Ju

PHILADELPHIA, August 6.  
Tuesday last arrived here the sloop Success, Capt. Lowther, from Providence, who informs us, that the brig Apollo, Capt. James Burk, bound from the Bay of Honduras for Rhode-Island, was on the 29th of June, cast away on the Florida shore, the cargo and

Street, near the Fly-Market.  
New-York, August 13, 1767.

A Quantity of choice West-Indi  
Rum, likewise a good Negro Wench, and a Negro  
Boy. 84 47.





CHARLES SHIPMAN,  
IVORY and HARD WOOD TURNER,  
Lately FROM ENGLAND:

**TAKES** this method to acquaint all ladies, gentlemen, &c. that having served a regular apprenticeship to a very considerable Turning-Manufactory in Birmingham; he purposes carrying on that business here, in all the various undermentioned articles: Therefore all those who please to favour him with their employ, may depend on being served with the strictest assiduity, and on the most reasonable terms. Mahogany waiters and bottle stands, billiard balls, bell handles, cups and balls, dice boxes, pack-thread boxes, pepper boxes, soap boxes, washball boxes, patch boxes, raisin boxes, glove sticks, drum sticks, and walking stick heads, paffle rollers, round rulers and sugar hammers, tobacco sieves, sand dishes, ivory totums, tooth-pick-cases and eggs, nutmeg graters, pounce boxes and ivory thimbles, ivory netting, and knotting needles; tobacco stoppers, and cases for smelling boxes, counting-house seal handles, and steel seals cut with cyphers, ivory counters engraved with alphabets and figures, (very proper for children) back gammons and chess men: Cruetframes repair'd, and German flutes tip'd in the neatest manner, oval picture frames, and sundry other articles too tedious to mention.

At the corner store, opposite Mr. Duyckinck's Universal Store near the Old-Slip. 82 89

**THE** Subscribers, in pursuance of a late Act of this Colony, entitled, "An Act for preventing Fraud in Debtors, &c." Trustees of the Estate of Solomon Finny, of Greenwich, in the County of Fairfield, an insolvent Debtor; hereby notify the Creditors of said Finny, to exhibit unto us their several Claims on said Estate, well evidenced & made out; and also to meet at the Dwelling House of Perez Fitch in Stamford, the first Day of September next, at one of the Clock in the Afternoon, (if they see Cause) to agree to apportion and divide the whole of said Debtor's Estate, or any Part thereof among themselves; and to submit to Arbitration any Matter in dispute between said Debtor and any of his supposed Debtors, and to Compromise or make Abatement upon any Claim or supposed Debt, and to allow said Debtor out of his Estate, necessary wearing Apparel and Bedding for himself, Wife and Children; and Tools, Arms and other implements of Household, necessary for the upholding of Life: And all Sheriffs, Under-Sheriffs, or Deputies and Constables and all other Persons whatsoever, having in their Hands any of said Debtor's Effects and Estate of any Kind whatever, his Books of Accounts, or any Papers necessary for discovering the state of his Business and Dealings, are desired to deliver the same unto us:—And all Persons having any Accounts unsettled with said Debtor, are desired to settle the same, and those indebted to make Payment unto us without delay.

PEREZ FITCH,  
DANIEL FINNY, } Trustees.  
NATHANIEL CLOSE.

Dated at Fairfield, July 21, 1767. 83 86

To be sold at public Vendue, on Thursday the 3d Day of September next, at Mr. Stephen Skinner's Store House, in Perth-Amboy:

**A**N Assortment of Ironmongery and Cutlery; a few Pieces of Ducapes and Lutestrings, and several other Articles, suitable for Retailers and Country Store-keepers: The Vendue to begin at 10 o'Clock, and to continue from Day to Day, till all are sold.—The Conditions of Sale, to be known at the Time and Place aforesaid.

Perth-Amboy, August 3d, 1767. (83 86)

**THIS** is to Notify the Creditors of JOSHUA PETTIT, an insolvent Debtor, to meet at the House of Mr. Jonathan Osborne, at the Scotch-Plains, in the Borough of Elizabeth, East New-Jersey, on Thursday the 20th of August, Instant; when and where, the Assignees of said PETTIT, will attend to settle with said Creditors.

Scotch-Plains, Borough of Elizabeth, East N. Jersey.

**JOSEPH SCOTT, jun.**

Has just come to Hand, by the Amelia, Capt. Sinclair, from London, the following curious Articles, which he will sell cheap for Cash, at his Store in Smith-Street, viz.

**VERY** fine shagreen and mahogany knife cases, with table and desert knives and forks, and silver spoons, suitable thereto;—Gentlemen's shaving cases, with razors, travelling boxes, dispensaries with bottles, scales and weights; medicine chests, large and small mahogany and fish-skin cellar, or fish cases, mahogany cases, with fishing tackle; Ladies toilet dressing boxes, writing desks, tea chests with canisters, and a variety of other articles, too tedious to enumerate.

LIKEWISE,

Imported in the last vessels from London, a large assortment of European and East-India Goods, and loaf sugar; hyson souehong, and congoa teas.

ALSO,

A large quantity of shrouds, to be sold, at prime cost, for cash.

**FIFTEEN** months of an Irish servant to be sold, by inquiring of the Printer hereof, or John Slidell, Tallow-Chandler, in the Broad-Way.

N. B. He forewarns any person from harbouring, or carrying the said servant off, at their peril, his name is William Bullion.

**TO BE SOLD,**

**A**NECK of Land, lying in Shrewsbury, in Monmouth County, and in the Province of East New-Jersey, containing about One Thousand Acres, about Three Hundred of which is Salt Meadow: It is bounded between Musquito Creek and Kettle-Creek, a Fence of about three Quarters of a Mile, will fence in the whole. There may be kept on the Neck, at least three Hundred Head of Cattle, Winter and Summer, and at least five or six Hundred Sheep, with little or no Fodder; and as many Hogs. It will be sold either in Lots, or the Whole; if it is not sold by the twenty-first of September next, then it will be sold at public Vendue, at the House of Mr. John Williams, at Teteconk-Bridge. Whoever has a Mind to purchase the Whole or Part, may apply to Abraham Probasco, in Monmouth County, Peter Remsen, in New-York, or Abraham Schenck, on Long-Island. New-York, August 2, 1767.

**NEW-YORK:** Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office near the Exchange, in Broad-Street, where all Sorts of Printing Work is done in the neatest Manner, with Care and Expedition, Advertisements of a moderate Length are inserted for Five Shillings, four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after.

**BY** Order of the Honourable Daniel Horsmanden, Esq; Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Judicature for the Province of New-York: Notice is hereby given to Thomas Dods, late of the City of New-York, Merchant, and all others whom it may concern, that on Application, and due proof made, his Honour the said Chief Justice, pursuant to the Directions of an Act of the Governor, the Council and the General Assembly of the Colony of New-York, entitled, "An Act to prevent Frauds in Debtors;" and of several other subsequent Acts for continuing and extending the same, hath issued his Warrant, directed to the Sheriff of the City and County of New-York, commanding him to attach, seize, and keep in his Hands, the whole Estate, as well real as personal of the said Thomas Dods: And that unless the said Thomas Dods do return and discharge his Debts, within three Months after the Date of this Notice, that all his Estate so seized and taken, will be sold for the Satisfaction of his Creditors.

New-York, August 6th 1767. 83 86

To be LET till the first of MAY next, A Well accustom'd Store and House, lately occupied by Mr. Samuel Bayard, opposite to Mr. Steuart's, Druggist, in Queen-Street, where Inquiry may be made. 23 86

**EIGHT DOLLARS** Reward.

**R**UN-away on the 26th Ult. July, an Irish Servant Man, named Lawrence Dunning, about 26 Years of Age, middle siz'd, thin visag'd, Pock-mark'd, and wore short black or brown Hair: Had on when he went away, a light coloured homespun Cloth Jacket, lined with green, a fine Shirt, Tow striped Trowsers, Neat's Leather Shoes, Brass Buckles, and a Felt Hat.—Whoever takes up said Servant, and secures him, so that his Master may have him again, shall have the above Reward, paid by

JOHN ROBERTS, Miller. Living in Lower-Merriion, or GEORGE HITNER, jun. in Philadelphia.

N. B. All Masters of Vessels and others, are forbid to harbour, conceal, or carry him away, as they will answer it at their Peril. 83 86

**Thomas Bridgen Attwood,**

**H**AS imported by the last Vessels from London, a fresh and general Assortment of Drugs and Medicines, which he will sell at the very lowest Prices, wholesale and retail, at his Store in Broad-Street; where, as he gives constant attendance himself, Family Prescriptions will be carefully made up, Country Orders punctually executed, and the Favours duly acknowledged.

The most approved patented Medicines, warranted genuine, from the Original Warchouses (c.t.f) 47

**R**UN-away the 29th of June, an

Irish servant man, named Florence Crawley, had on when he went away a waistcoat without sleeves, with red fore parts, and blue back parts; a light coat, yarn stockings, is much pock-mark'd, has much of the brogue, is knock-kneed, has clumsy legs and a heavy gait, and pretends to be a surgeon. ALSO RUN-away the 10th instant, another servant, named Joseph Jessop, had on when he went away an old brown cloth coat, and dark brown waistcoat and breeches, grey ribb'd stockings, check shirt, Sailor's round hat, and brown wig, is much pitted with the small-pox, is disabled in both arms, so as he cannot straighten them, has two spots on his head where no hair grows, and pretends to be a taylor and weaver. Whoever takes up and secures said servants or either of them, and brings them to the printer hereof shall receive 20 shillings reward, for each, and all reasonable charges, New-York, July 11, 1767. 81, 84.

**R**UN-away on Tuesday the 15th

Infant July, from John Hutchinson, of Windsor Township, and County of Middlesex, in New-Jersey, an Irish Servant Man, named William Rankin, a Shoe-maker by Trade, a short well set Man, aged about twenty Years, fair Skin, sandy colour'd Hair, a whitish Look out of his Eyes, mark'd with the Small-Pox: Had on when he went away, a coarse Shirt and Trowsers, an old brown Coat, and a very thick coarse Felt Hat.—Whoever takes up and secures said Servant, so that his Master may have him again, shall have Three Pounds Reward, and all reasonable Charges, paid by me

JOHN HUTCHINSON. All Masters of Vessels and others are desired not to harbour, conceal, or carry him away, as they will answer it at their Peril. 81 83

**FIVE POUNDS REWARD.**

**R**UN-away the 6th instant, July,

from Joseph Wicks, of Huntington, on Long-Island, cooper, an apprentice, named David Kelly, a lusty young man, of about 19 years of age, light complexion, and sandy coloured hair; had on when he went away, a blue broad cloth waistcoat, white shirt, whitish strip'd or tow trowsers, a felt hat, worsted stockings, and old shoes.—Whoever will bring the said apprentice to me shall have Five Pounds reward, or if secured in any gaol, giving me notice, so that I get him again, shall have Three Pounds reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by me

JOSEPH WICKS. All masters of vessels and others are desired not to harbour, conceal, or carry him away, as they will answer it at their peril. (80—)

A very large and complete Assortment of **RIBBONS,** BOTH figur'd and plain; with a neat Assortment of dry Goods; Ironmongery and Cutlery Ware. Just imported in the Amelia, Capt. Sinclair, from London, and to be sold on the most reasonable Terms, by

**SAMUEL BROOME & Co.**

At their Store in Hanover-Square; Who have likewise to dispose of, A Quantity of good fine Salt, two Quart Bottles; 4d. 8d. 10d. 11d. 12d. and 14d. Nails;—Also, Rum, Sugar, Ryal Wine in Pipes and Quarter Casks; Beef and Conneticut Pork, &c. 81 84

**The Partnership between BREESE and HOFFMAN,** Of the City of New-York Merchants, **DISSOLVED** the 13th Instant, July, 1767, of which all Persons concerned are desired to take Notice, and those who have open Accounts, or are indebted, to settle and pay the same immediately. 81 84 **SAMUEL BREESE, ANTHONY HOFFMAN.**

**TO BE SOLD** at private Sale, and a good Title given by the Subscriber.

A Small Farm, lying on the North-River, about 6 Miles from New-York, at a place called the Bull's Ferry in Bergen County, where is a convenient Landing-Place.—There is on the Farm, a Dwelling-House, a Barn and 2 Bar-racks, with 6 Acres of choice Meadow.—For further Particulars, inquire of JOHN ETSZL in English Neighbourhood, or of the Subscriber in N. York. 58 **WILLIAM DOBBS**

**TO BE SOLD, By THOMAS DOUGHTY,**

**CHOICE** old Madeira Wine, Lisbon, Red Port, Teneriffe Wines by the Pipe, Quarter Cask, or Five Gallons; also Jamaica Spirits, West-India Rum, Holland Geneva, Bohea, Shoufong and Hyson Teas, Coffee, Chocolate, Lump, single, middling and double refined Loaf Sugar; Muscovado Sugars, Raisins, Currants, Citron, Sweet Oil, Olives, Capers, Anchovies, Pepper, French Indigo, Scotch and Rappee Snuff, with sundry other Articles of Grocery. —64

**TO BE SOLD, by THOMAS DURHAM,**

On the most reasonable Terms:

**CHOICE** Teneriffe Wine, in Pipes, Hogheads, and Quarter Casks.

N. B. Pipe Staves will be taken in Payment for a considerable Quantity of said Wine. 30—ctt

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that all

persons indebted to the estate of Thomas Dods, late of the city of New-York, merchant, an absconding debtor, are desired to make payment to either of us the subscribers, appointed trustees of the said Dods, for the benefit of his creditors, on or before the 25th day of June next, or they may expect to find their accounts in the hands of an attorney; and all persons that have any effects in their hands, belonging to the said Thomas Dods, are desired to deliver them up to us, or else we shall proceed according to information, and as the law directs. (81 84) **JONAS PHILLIPS, JOHN HODGSON, JOHN JONES,** Trustees.

New-York, May 15th, 1767.

**THE** Public is hereby informed,

That Mattifonia Grammar School, in Freehold and County of Monmouth, formerly advertised in this Paper, is continued on the same Plan first made known, and the Patrons, and Gentlemen concerned, are determined to give Assistance and Countenance to the Undertaking, and support it as long as Encouragement is given.—Gentlemen that desire to give their Sons an Education, are requested to join us, yet being Room for several Scholars, and the Classes unfilled. Boarding and Tuition £. 20 per Annum. 81 84

**Walter & Thomas Buchanan, & Co.**

Have imported in the last Vessels from Britain, and have for Sale at their Store in Queen-Street, nigh the Fly-Market: **M**EN's rib'd and plain Thread and worsted hose, Women's thread and worsted hose, Stocking patterns, Women's worsted & silk mitts, Tammies, callimancoes, durants, camblets, cambricks and lawns, Barcelona handkerchiefs, Cravats, do. and sewing silk, Needles, pins and buckram, Oznaburgs, towelling, sheeting, and diaper, White and brown linens.

N. B. Have also for sale, a 9 and half inch cable, and 8 haufers of 6 inches each, with other cordage proper for a vessel of about 150 tons. 68—

**A CORNER** Houfe and Lot of

Ground, to be sold, near the Baptist Meeting, on Golden-Hill, belonging to William Dobbs, now living in the House; for which he will give a good Title. 68—

**THE** late Rev. Dr. JARED ELLIOT's Tracts on American Field Husbandry and Agriculture, being now much esteemed;—Notice is hereby given, that several of said Tracts may be had at the Printing-Office at the Exchange.

**NOTICE** is hereby given,

**TO** all Persons, who have any Demands against **JOHN IDE MYER**, of this City, Sealer, to bring in their Accounts that they may be adjusted; and all Persons who are any Ways indebted to him, are desired to settle the same immediately, or they may depend on being prosecuted without further Notice. New-York, July 16, 1767. (80 84)

**TO BE LET,**

**THE** House fronting the Great-Dock, wherein PETER LOW, now lives; it is well situated for Business: On the Rear of the Lot opposite Major CARY's, is a Store House with a large Oven, and conveniences for the Baking Business. Inquire of the Widow FRANCES MOORE.

**THE LIQUID TRUE BLUE,** to be sold, at the Printing-Office at the Exchange, with Directions.—Price Three Shillings.

**SUPPL**

**CONSTANT**

**THE** Chevalier de V... the court of France... Grand Vizir the day before... sured that the Ambassador... Corsairs which cruised... islands, committed great... had already taken about... which he expected should... not being at war with the... be taken to put a stop to... pirates, otherwise he should... mander of the French fleet... burn them, and bring the... Chemnitz, in Hungary, from Frauenmark, in the... were out a bear hunting... large one, he buried him... ging the ground in order... found in the snow, marks... following these they found... a wild woman, quite naked, clumsy, taken up by main strength... reluctance, she looking... dignation and resentment... pital, is clothed, and... has heard her speak, and... Warsaw, April 25.

at present 30,000 Russian 6000 at Wilna and L... mand of general Nume... generals Dunthorn and... general Soltikoff, and... each, under M. Kretzsch... Poland, reaching from... zovia, Polish Prussia, and... and from the Palatinate... the Palatinate of Russia... to the environs of Send... Palatinate of Cracow.

**Genoa, April 25.** T... tinues to make a resist... are continually sending

**Genoa, May 2.** We... the contrary winds have... nator Pinelli to make a... throw succours into the... ship which arrived yeste... account, that in passing... heard several cannon... lectured that we shall... engagement between t... cans employed at the fir

**Warsaw, May 2.** N...

confederations of Dil... speeches, at the audienc... on the 28th ult. the Co... cessor of the Crown, deputation, and Prince... cessor of Lithuania, to... reply was concise, im... could not resolve any... question, without the... he would take care to p... ing Dyer, and that on... thing in the affair he p...

**Florence, April 25.**

ters from Rome, the... made to him by his Cat... at length permitted th... Spain may come and se... The Spanish ships de... port of Civita Vecchia

**L O**

**May 14.** Advice i... whole 27 convents of S... adopted some principle... covered therein, have... val within 48 hours, u...

The turning reason... its out of Spain has be... vow enjoined by that... members, nor even kn... to their General above... man Catholics at large... above civil magistrates... ral above the Pope!... like your ancestors, ne... nor trusts.

They write from I... were fortifying the pri... capable of such defen... and chains, in order t... enemy. It is added, ... sists of 70 fail of armed... were purchased from o...



# SUPPLEMENT to the NEW-YORK JOURNAL, OR GENERAL ADVERTISER.—NUMB. 1284.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 13, 1767.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 3.

THE Chevalier de Vergennes, Ambassador from the court of France, had an audience of the Grand Vizir the day before yesterday, when it appeared that the Ambassador declared to him, that some Corsairs, which cruised among the Archipelago islands, committed great outrages there; that they had already taken about ten French merchant ships, which he expected should be restored, the French not being at war with the Porte, and that care should be taken to put a stop to the ill behaviour of those pirates, otherwise he should send advice to the commander of the French fleet in the Mediterranean, to burn them, and bring them under proper subjection.

*Chemnitz, in Hungary, April 3.* Some huntsmen from Frauenmark, in the province of Horensfer, who were out a bear hunting, being in pursuit of a very large one, he buried himself very deep. On digging the ground in order to unkennel him there were found in the snow, marks of human footsteps: Upon following these they found, to their great astonishment, a wild woman, about 16 or 18 years old, quite naked, clumsy, strong, and black. She was taken up by main strength, and to her, with great reluctance, she looking on every one with much indignation and resentment. She is put into an hospital, is clothed, and taken care of. No person has heard her speak, and it is thought she is dumb.

*Warsaw, April 25.* It is reckoned that there are at present 30,000 Russians in Poland; to wit, 5 or 6000 at Wilna and Lithuania, under the command of General Numer, and as many under the generals Dunthorn and Apraxin; 5000 headed by general Soltikoff, and seven regiments of 2000 men each, under M. Kretznikoff. These troops invest Poland, reaching from Wilna, by Podlachin, Mazovia, Polish Prussia, and Great Poland, to Cracow; and from the Palatinate of Kiev, by Volhinia, the Palatinate of Russia, the territory of Przemisl, to the environs of Sandomir, which border on the Palatinate of Cracow.

*Genoa, April 25.* The fortress of Capraja continues to make a resistance; and the government are continually sending reinforcements thither.

*Genoa, May 2.* We have received advice, that the contrary winds have not yet permitted the Senator Pinelli to make a landing at Capraja, nor to throw succours into the fortress of that island. A ship which arrived yesterday from Bastia brings an account, that in passing the island of Capraja, they heard several cannon fired, from which it is conjectured that we shall soon receive an account of an engagement between the Genoese and the Corsicans employed at the siege of the fortress.

*Warsaw, May 2.* When the deputies of the two confederations of Dissidents had finished their speeches, at the audience granted them by the King, on the 28th ult. the Count Ramorski, Grand Chancellor of the Crown, replied to those of the first deputation, and Prince Czartorinski, Grand Chancellor of Lithuania, to those of the second. This reply was concise, importing, That his Majesty could not resolve any thing relative to the objects in question, without the states being assembled, that he would take care to propose them at the approaching Diet, and that on his part he would do every thing in the affair he possibly could.

*Florence, April 25.* According to the last letters from Rome, the Pope, on the representation made to him by his Catholic Majesty's minister, hath at length permitted that the Jesuits driven from Spain may come and settle in the ecclesiastical state. The Spanish ships debark these religious at the port of Civita Vecchia.

L O N D O N.

May 14. Advice is received in town, that the whole 27 convents of St. Maur, in France, who had adopted some principles of the Jesuits, and were discovered therein, have had absolute orders for removal within 48 hours, upon pain of imprisonment.

The turning reason for the expulsion of the Jesuits out of Spain has been, a late discovery of a fourth vow enjoined by that order, though not to all its members, nor even known by them, of being true to their General above King or Pope!—Thus Roman Catholics at large vow attachment to the Pope above civil magistrates; and Jesuits to their General above the Pope! Protestants, beware of both, like your ancestors, neither grant them emoluments nor trusts.

They write from Leghorn, that the Corsicans were fortifying the principal sea ports of the island capable of such defence with very strong hoons and chains, in order to prevent the approach of an enemy. It is added, that Paoli's fleet actually consists of 70 sail of armed vessels, two thirds of which were purchased from other European powers.

We hear that the principal citizens of Norwich have set the laudable example of trying an expedition for avoiding venality and corruption at the election of Members of Parliament, by subscribing the following association: "Sensible of the great depravity of morals and licentiousness of manners brought upon us by bribes at our elections, and alarmed at the thoughts of that bondage which must inevitably be the fruit of it, we whose names are underwritten, not feeling the necessity of submitting to a nomination founded on the corrupt principles of bargain and sale, and having no point in view but to choose our representatives with honour to themselves and the city, and to preserve our own freedom and independency, do hereby unite and associate in the friendly society, binding ourselves to each other by our own word and honour, and promising that we will not, on any consideration whatever either directly or indirectly, engage our voice and interest to any Candidates, or to any person on their behalf, against the next general election of members to sit in Parliament, until the very day of election; and then each man to vote as his inclination may prompt him. And in the mean time, we recommend to each other to keep a watchful eye upon what passes, and to have frequent conversation upon the subject.

*Worcester, April 9.* On Friday evening the vault under St. Nicholas's church in this city being opened for the reception of a corpse, Mrs. Glover, wife of Mr. Glover, Watch-maker, imprudently went down into it, to view the spot under which 2 of her children were deposited; but she had not been there long before she dropped down in a fit, and tho' the most speedy means were used for her recovery, she expired almost immediately; and on Tuesday evening last her corpse was interred in the same vault.

Q U E B E C, July 9.

Saturday embark'd here for New-York, in Battoes, from which they saluted the Garrison, the Company of the Royal Train of Artillery (Captain Martin's) commanded by Capt. Groves: They left this City with the general Regret of its Inhabitants, and as being perfectly possess'd, and much deserving, of their Esteem, not only as a quiet and civil Company, but as an upright One in all their Dealings.

The Ship Little William, Capt. Grant, from London to this Port, is run a Shore on the South Side of the Island of Orleans, Parish of St. Laurent, in the River St. Lawrence, within a few Leagues of this Port; there are very uncertain Hopes of her being got off again; the chief Part of her Cargo is sav'd, tho' not without being somewhat damag'd by the Water.

July 14. From North-Carolina, we are informed That Governor TRYON, with the Commissioners appointed for that purpose, joined by the Chiefs of the Cherokee Nation, on the 4th of June, began to run out the Boundary Line between North-Carolina and the Cherokee Hunting Ground, at the Corner Tree on Reedy River, where the Line behind the Province terminates. The Surveyors went a North Course 53 Miles, marking as they went into the Mountains; and on the 13th of June, they marked several Trees on the Top of Mount Tryon, on the Head Waters of White Oak and Pacolet Creeks, running into the Green and Broad Rivers; but several Obstacles having impeded a further Survey, it was agreed by the Whole, That the Boundary should be a direct Line from the said marked Trees to Chiswell's Mines in Virginia; which being settled and agreed upon, proper instruments were drawn up, and signed by the Parties present, to be transmitted to his Majesty.—The Indians were so highly pleased with his Honour's Condescension to their several Requisitions, that they complimented him with the War Name of the Great Wolf of North-Carolina.

Imported and to be sold Wholesale and Retail by  
**EDWARD LAIGHT,**  
Opposite the Hon. William Walton's, Esq; for  
Cash or short Credit;

A Neat and general assortment of ironmongery and cutlery, such as pit, mill and cross cut saws, hand, tenon, fash and pannel ditto; eyed shovels and spades, front and inside door locks; chest locks, hinges and handles; raised joint and common H & L hinges; brass scales and scale beams; brass and iron wire; bright balcony and shutter bolts; clouts, brads, tacks and tenter hooks of all sorts (cotton and clothiers cards; files, rasps, augers and chisels; Dutch tea kettles; common and chamber bellowses; Ware's best Scotch snuff; refined and bloomery iron; 4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. 14d. and 16d. nails; 7 by 9, 8 by 10 and 9 by 11 glass; and many other articles too tedious to mention.—Also oil, blubber and leather as usual, and all the necessary articles belonging to the carrying business.

Just published and to be sold at the Printing-Office near the Exchange:

## S E R M O N S ON THE Most USEFUL and IMPORTANT S U B J E C T S,

ADAPTED TO THE  
**FAMILY and CLOSET.**  
By the Rev. SAMUEL DAVIES, A. M.  
Late President of the College at Princeton, in New-Jersey.  
IN THREE VOLUMES.

To which are prefixed,  
A SERMON on the Death of Mr. DAVIES,  
By SAMUEL FINLEY, D. D.

A N D  
Another DISCOURSE on the same Occasion,  
together with an ELEGIAC POEM  
to the Memory of Mr. DAVIES,  
By THOMAS GIBBONS, D. D.

Those Gentlemen who subscribed with the Printer heretofore for any of the above Books, are desired, to send for them.

A fresh Importation, just received,  
Per the Hope, Capt. Davis, and the N. York, Capt. Lawrence,  
At the UNIVERSAL STORE,  
Or the MEDLEY of GOODS,

By Gerardus Duyckinck,

At the Sign of the Looking-Glass, and Druggist Post, the  
Corner of the Old-Slip-Market, New-York;  
Where is sold, a Variety of Assortments, either by Wholesale,  
or Retail, at a reasonable Price, viz.

LOOKING GLASSES  
Pictures  
China  
Paper Hangings  
White Flint Glass Ware  
Table and Kitchen Furniture  
Window and Coach Glasses  
Painters and Limners Colours  
Dying Colours and Fullers Articles  
Japanning Varnishes  
Gold and Silver Leaf  
Founders and Smelters Articles  
Hatters Trimmings  
Carpeting  
Jewellery  
L I K E W I S E:  
Allum  
Copperas  
Brimstone  
Nails  
Pewter  
A beautiful and fashionable Assortment.  
Almost every Article in these Branches, too tedious to mention.  
Spicery, and  
Do: for Distilling of Cordials  
Oils extracted, and chemical.  
Lead in Sheets and Bars  
Shot  
Wire  
Writing Paper

### Drugs and Medicines.

With a general Assortment of genuine patented Medicines, as extensive in the above Articles, as any of the Faculty here, or most Practitioners, or Families require.  
To be sold, for CASH only, at a very low Rate, particularly to the Venders thereof. (57 70)

### To the PUBLIC.

BY Virtue of the King's Royal Patent for Great-Britain, Ireland, and the Plantations, for many Patent Medicines, to the Proprietors of each, to enjoy the full Benefit, are now sold, under Royal Sanction, by Messrs. William and Chas. Dicy, and Co. of London, who now appoint their genuine Medicines, to be sold in New-York, by

Gerardus Duyckinck, Merchant, only.  
And by at least one reputable Trader in each City and Chief Town in Great-Britain Ireland &c. the Sundries as follows, viz.

D R. Bateman's Pectoral Drops.  
Dr. Fraunce's Strengthening Elixir.  
Dr. Hooper's Female Pills.  
Schwanberg's Liquid Shell.  
Radcliff's Elixir.  
Chase's Pills.  
Benton's British Oil.  
Anderson's Scots Pills.  
Golden and plain Spirits of Scurvy Grass.  
Fryer's Balsam.  
James's Fever Powder.  
Bosch's Squire's, and Stoughton's Elixir.  
The Original Godfrey's Cordial.  
Daffy's Elixir.  
Pike's Antidote, which cures the Itch, and all Eruptions, and cutaneous Disorders.  
Ladies Slicking Plaster.  
Proper Directions to each, and sold as above-mentioned, to avoid the Consequence of Counterfeits.  
L I K E W I S E:  
Anodine Necklaces.  
King's Honey Water.  
Lotion Water.  
Jesuits Drops, & Viper Drops.  
Elixir of Bardana.  
Essence of Valerian.  
Waterdock.  
Tincture of golden rod.  
Balsam of Honey.  
Bosom, or Oriental Balsam.  
Worm destroying Sugar Plumbs.  
Turlington's Balsam of Life, a Quantity of his last signing, and a Quantity signed by Martha Wray and Mary Sopp, the present Proprietors.  
Balsam of Health.  
Lockyer's Pills.  
Lip-salve.  
N. B. The above are bought by William and Chas. Dicy and Comp. from the Original Ware-Houses, and warranted genuine.

Nuremberg Salve, and Harlem OIL.

A Great Variety of Books and Stationary,  
to be sold at the Printing-Office near the Exchange.



**R**ED and white PORT, very excellent in Pipes, Hogheads, and Quarter-Casks, to be sold by **CHARLES NICOLL**, at the White-Hall. 26.

This Day are published, and sold, by

## GARRAT NOEL,

The following new BOOKS, imported in the America, Capt. Sinclair, from London.

**HISTORY, &c.**  
**PHILIP'S** Life of Cardinal Pole, in great Repute.  
 Warner's History of the Civil Wars of Ireland.  
 Baron de Montesquieu's Spirit of Laws, a beautiful new Edition.  
 Letters on the Importance of the rising Generation, by the Ingenious Mr. Hanway.  
 Familiar Letters, which passed between Abraham Hill, Esq; and several eminent and ingenious Persons of the last Century.  
 The twelfth Volume of the Biographical Dictionary, containing the Lives of several eminent Persons, which were omitted in the Eleven preceding Volumes.  
 Letters written by Dean Swift, and several of his Friends, from the Year 1703, to 1740, published from the Originals in 3 beautiful Octavo Vols. by Mr. Hawkeworth.  
 An Essay on original Genius and its various Modes of Exertion in Philosophy and the fine Arts, particularly in Poetry.  
 Gordon's Works of Tacitus, in 5 Volumes.  
 Historical Essays upon Paris; from the French of M. De Saintfoix.  
 Kimber's Peerage of England, in a neat Pocket Volume.  
 Ditto his Peerage of Scotland, just published in a handsome Octavo.  
 Ditto—in a small Pocket Volume.  
 Lord Kaim's Elements of Criticism.  
 Museum Rusticum et Commerciale. Or select Papers, on Agriculture, Commerce, Arts, and Manufactures, drawn from Experience and communicated by Gentlemen engaged in these pursuits.—Complete in 6 Vols.  
 Robertson's History of Scotland.  
 Vattel's Law of Nations.  
 Muller on Fortification.  
 Burgh's Dignity of Human Nature.  
 Dictionary of Arts and Sciences, 4 Vols. Octavo, a new Edition, and new Cutts.  
 Poligraphical Dictionary Johnson's Dictionary, 2 Vols. Octa. new Edition.  
 Bailey's Ditto.—Do.  
 Dyche's Ditto.—Do.  
 Salmon's Geographical Grammar, new Edition.  
 Hedericus's Lexicon, a new Edition.  
 Green's very small Pocket Dictionary.  
 Pinedas Spanish Dictionary.  
 Peyton's French and English Spelling Book.  
 Smith's Longinus, in a small Pocket Volume.  
 Ferguson's Mathematical Lectures.  
 Ferguson's Tables and Tracts, relative to several Arts and Sciences.

**DIVINITY.**  
 Fordyce's Sermons to young Women.  
 Amory's Sermon, on the Death of Dr. Chandler.  
 Amory's 22 Sermons.  
 Dodd's Common Place Book to the Holy Bible.  
 Edward's on the Religious Affections.  
 Harwood's Cheerful Thoughts on the Happiness of a religious Life, to which are added Reflections on the Unacceptableness of a Death-Bed Repentance.  
 Langhorn's Sermons.  
 Arch-Bishop King's Essay on the Origin of Evil, published by Dr. Law.  
 The Messiah, from the German of Mr. Klopstock.  
 Tate and Brady's Psalms large print, bound in rough Calf.  
 Burkit on the new Testament.  
 Henry on the Bible, 5 Volumes Folio, London Edition, and 6 Volumes Folio, Scots Edition.  
 Howel's History of the Bible, with Cutts.  
 Pool's Synopsis Criticorum, 5 Vols. Folio.  
 Pool's Annotations two Vols. Folio.  
 Ridgley's Body of Divinity, 2 Vols. Folio.  
 Newton on the Prophecies, 3 Vols.  
 Flavel's Works complete in one Vol. Folio.  
**L A W.**  
 Bacon's Abridgement, the fifth and last Vol.  
 Attorney's Practice in the Kings Bench and C. Pleas.  
 Boote's Historical Treatise of an Action or Suit at Law.  
 Burn's Ecclesiastical Law.  
 Cunningham's Laws of Bills of Exchange, &c.  
 Every Man his own Lawyer.  
 Gilbert's Devices.  
 Kaem's Law Tracts.  
 Laws concerning Masters and Servants.  
 Trials Perpairs.  
 The Complete Sheriff.  
**PHYSIC & SURGERY**  
 Robinson on the Virtues and Efficacy of a Crust of Bread, &c.  
 Dr. Smith on Blood letting.  
 Turner's Surgery.  
 Pott on the Fitula.  
 Guy's Practical Observations on Cancers.  
 Harris on the Acute Diseases of Infants.  
 Home's Principia.  
 Home's Medical Facts.  
 Hill's Herbal, a new Edition.  
 Macbride's Experimental Essays.  
 The Modern Practice of the London Hospitals.  
 Dr. Whyte's Observations on the Nature, Causes, and Cure of Nervous Disorders.  
 Dr. Friend's Emenologia.  
**POETRY NOVELS, &c.**  
 Pope's Works complete, in 6 neat Pocket Vols.

with Cutts.  
 Tristram Shandy, 9 Vols.  
 Adventures of Charles Villers, an unfortunate Court Dependant.  
 Adventures of an Author, written by himself and a Friend.  
 The Cruel Disappointment, or the History of Mrs. Emeline Merick.  
 The Babler, containing a careful Selection from those entertaining and interesting Essays, which have given the Public so much Satisfaction under that Title, during the Course of four Years, in Owen's Weekly Chronicle.  
 Tales of the Genii, or the delightful Lessons of Horam, the Son of Asmar, faithfully translated from the Persian Manuscript, by Sir Charles Morelle, with Cutts.  
 The Amusements and Beauties of the Spa.  
 The Continuation of the Life of Marianne.  
 The History of Eliza.  
 The Adventures of Emmera, the fair American Poems for young Ladies, in 3 Parts, Devotional, Moral, & Entertaining.  
 Letters from the Coun-

tests de Santerre, by Madam Ricoboni.  
 Dr. Croxals celebrated Novel's; never before published, in two Vols.  
 The Moral Fables of M. Marimontel, in 3 Vols.  
 Memoirs of Miss Sidney Bedulph, 4 and 5 Vols. which concludes her History.  
 Sailor's Letters to his Friend's in England, during his Voyages and Travel's in Europe, Asia, Africa, and America.  
 The Picture, a Novel, by the Miss Minifies.  
 Smolet's Don Quixote, 4 Vols.  
 The Whole Duty of a Woman.  
 Trials at the old Bailey.  
 Pamela, Grandison, Clarissa, Roderick Random, and Peregrine Pickle.  
 Mrs. Glafs's famous Cookery-Book.  
 The Masque, a new Song-Book.  
 Price's Carpenter.  
 The Preceptor, a new Edition.  
 Mrs. Rowes Exercises of the Heart, &c. &c. &c.  
 There are a few of the Court Kallender for 1767, remaining.

## JOHN CLARK,

Shagreen Case Maker from London, next Door to Mr. Seckell's, Cooper, in Ferry-Street, near Peck's-Slip Market;

**M A K E S** and sells all Sorts of Shagreen Cases for Knives and Forks, both in Shagreen and Mobogany, and Cases for Plate; Lady's Dressing Boxes, Necklaces and Jewel Cases, Buckle Cases, and Razor Cases of all Sorts;—Lady's light traveling Trunks, likewise Trunks of all Sorts, &c. &c.

**W A N T S** all Sorts of the above Articles; sells Fish-Skins for Joiners, Cabinet-Makers and Hatters, either whole or in Pieces.  
**R U N** away from the Subscriber living in New-York, an Apprentice, named Edward Sparger, born in New-York, about Twenty Years of Age but looks older, 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, dark short Hair, swarthy Complexion, somewhat freckled, and has a down Look. He cannot straighten the little Finger of his Right Hand, occasioned by a Bruise, has lost his Fore-Teeth, is much addicted to chewing Tobacco, and is a Shoemaker by Trade. He hid on when he went away, or took with him, an old Check Shirt, two Pair of coarse Oznaburgs Trowsers, one Pair of old Shoes, a Pair of large square Silver Shoe Buckles, a Pair of blue Cloth Breeches with Silver Buttons, and a green half worn Cloth Waistcoat: He is supposed to be gone towards New-Haven. Whoever returns the said Apprentice, or secures him so that I may get him again, shall have FOUR DOLLARS Reward, and be paid all reasonable Charges.  
 All Masters of Vessels and others, are desired not to harbour, conceal, nor carry him away, as they will answer it at their Peril.  
 New-York, July 18, 1767. 82 85

Just imported per the Buchanan, from Glasgow, and to be sold, by

**Walter and Thomas Buchanan,**  
 And COMPANY;

A Parcel of Slates for covering Houses, Coals, Brags mounted Grates, with Shovels and Tongs; Cables of 80 Fathoms long from 5 to 9 Inches thick, and an Assortment of other Cordage; Scotch Carpets, Burley, Scotch Ale, Men's rib'd and plain, brown and white Thread Hose, Silk Gauzes, Lawn Handkerchiefs; with a large Assortment of other Goods as usual. 82 87

## John Hansen,

Of the City of Albany,

**I**N TENDING soon for England; desires all and every Person or Persons whatsoever, that have any lawful Demands against him; to bring in the same, at his House in Pearl-Street, in said City; and receive immediate Payment.

And all Persons whatsoever, who are indebted unto him, are requested to pay their respective Debts, with all convenient Speed. 82 85

To be sold, at Public Auction or Vendue, to the highest Bidder, on Tuesday the 18th Day of August next, at three of the Clock in the Afternoon, on the Premises:

**T**HE House and Ground late of Christopher Fell, of the City of New-York, Merchant, deceased, situate between Burling's and Beckman's-Slips, on the North Side of Queen-Street, and on the South Side of Orange-Street; an Executor's Deed will be given to the Purchaser: The Persons intending to bid, may inspect, peruse, and examine the Title Deeds, as also the Draft of the Deed intended to be given to the Purchaser, by applying to Simon Johnson, one of the Executors. One Hundred Pounds must be paid by the highest Bidder, on the Day of Sale, and the Remainder six Weeks after that Day, when the Conveyance will be executed and ready to be delivered to the Purchaser.—New-York, July 27th, 1767. 82 84

**A**N excellent Hand Chocolate Mill, and a Tobacco Engine, to be sold Inquire of ROBERT M'GINNIS, at the Corner of Scotch-Street.

## THE CELEBRATED LECTURE UPON HEADS;

**W**HICH has met with universal Applause, wherever it was delivered, in all Parts of Great-Britain, Ireland and America; having in London been exhibited upwards of an Hundred Nights successively (Sundays excepted) to crowded Audiences, may be had, (Price ONE SHILLING.)

At the Printing-Office at the Exchange.

**A SILVER SPOON** stopp'd, being offered for Sale: The Owner may have it on proving his Property and paying Charges, on Application to the Subscriber, Silver Smith, opposite to Mr. Brown's Printing-Office, in New Dutch Church Street. (82 85) CARY DUNN.

To be sold at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 20th Day of October next, or at private Sale any Time before;



A Farm containing about 280 Acres of good Land, situate in a pleasant Village, called Herricks, on the North side of Hempstead-Plains, in Queen's-County: The whole is under good Improvement, the Buildings are good and all in good Fence, a very fine Orchard and a great deal of good Timber upon it, at also about 100 Acres of Land, and Salt Meadow lying about 8 Miles from the said Farm, at a Place called Rockway, the whole will be sold together or in separate Parcels as best suits the Purchaser or Purchasers.—The Vendue to be held on the Premises on the said 20th Day of October next, at 2 o'Clock in the Afternoon: If any Person inclines to Purchase the Whole or any Part at private Sale before the Vendue, they may apply to the Subscriber on the Premises. ISAAC SMITH. (81 84)

Hempstead, July 27, 1767.

## WOOLL CARDS.

**O**F the best quality, and large size, blue and red strouds, narrow frizes, blue and grey fearnoughts, belt oznaburgs, a fresh assortment of checks, with other European goods as usual, just imported and to be sold by

**HENRY REMSEN, jun.**  
 And COMPANY.

N. B. Best French INDIGO.

## John Morton,

Has just received per the Snow Amelia, Capt. Sinclair, from London, a very neat assortment of China-Ware, viz.

**E**NAMELL'D and blue and white cups with handles and saucers, enamell'd and blue and white breakfast cups, with handles and saucers; caudle cups, with handles and saucers; a beautiful assortment of enamell'd and blue and white common size cups and saucers; tea pots; milk pots, sugar dishes, salad and pudding dishes, jars and beakers; table sets of blue and white long dishes, &c. Complete blue and white and enamell'd tea table sets, complete blue and white and enamell'd tureens, with or without the sets; mugs and bowls from 1-2 pint to 12 quarts, with a good assortment of dry goods, to be sold very low. 81 84

Virginia, May 21, 1767.

To be Sold, on terms to be agreed upon at the day of sale, at Mr. George Neavill's ordinary, near the premises, the 15th day of September next, (pursuant to an act of assembly empowering the executors of Colonel Charles Carter, late of King George, to make sale of so much of his untailed lands as they shall find necessary for the payment of his debts.)

**F**OURTEEN thousand acres of fine high and low grounds, lying in the counties of Prince William and Fauquier, upon Bread Run, and Kettle Run, to be laid off in lots or otherwise, as may be agreed on: The executors being at all times ready to confer with any persons inclinable to bargain for any of the said lands before the day of sale. There are a great number of remarkable fine streams for grist mills running through the said tract, which lie within 25 or 30 miles of public navigation, on Patowmack and Rappahannock rivers. LONDON CARTER, CHARLES CARTER. (80)

## T O B E S O L D,

**A Likely Negro Wench** who, can do all Sorts of House-Work.—Has had the small Pox, is healthy, and about 17 or 18 Years of Age. She is sold for no Fault: Inquire of the Printer at the Exchange. 81 89

Just imported in the Snow Amelia, Capt. Sinclair, from London, and the last Vessels from Liverpool, and to be sold at the Corner of King-Street, by

## PETER REMSEN,

**C**OARSE cloths, German serges, flower'd and plain everlastingings, calicoes and chintzes of all sorts; stocks, Venetian poplins, tapes, threads and sewing silks, hair bindings; horn combs, with cases, sleeve buttons of all sorts, Jew harps, mohair buttons; knives and forks, be'd Barlow penknives, pistol cap knives, buck cuttoses; shoe and knee buckles, knee garters, gartering of all sorts; men's and women's black and white crape, woman's and Manchester velvet, breeches patterns; gloves of all sorts, striped and coloured tammys, striped fluffs, coloured callimancoe, coloured durants, cloth coloured shalloons, new fashioned tobines, black bombazine, misinet, Prussian lutestrings; modes and pelongs, gimps and fringes, black silk handkerchiefs and cravats; clip hats, flower'd damasks, Hungarian stripes, striped prunelloses; pins, tasseties, writing paper, brown buckram, linen handkerchiefs; shirt buttons, lungee romalls, Irish linens, cambricks and lawns of all sorts, dowlas and princes linen; ribbons of all sorts, worsted shagg, a neat assortment of checks, bed bunts, &c. 80 84

## Madeira WINE,

Warranted genuine, to be sold cheap, for Cash only, by

## JAMES WALSH.

Inquire at the Merchant's Coffee-House. 81 84

**A Young Woman**, with a good Breast of Milk, is willing to go into a good Family, as a wet Nurse. Inquire of the Printer. (81 84)